





OVERVIEW OF STGs & THEIR IMPACT ON QUALITY OF CARE



BACKGROUND



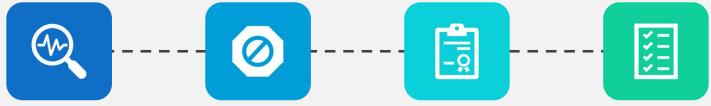
- Since 15th August 2020 for all HBP procedures under AB PM-JAY in a phased manner
- Advisory Guidelines for:
 - EHCPs
 - MEDCO
 - PPD/CPD
 - Audit Team
- PM-JAY STGs Include
 - Package specific Key Clinical Pointers
 - Mandatory Documents
 - IT Questionnaire Pop-Up

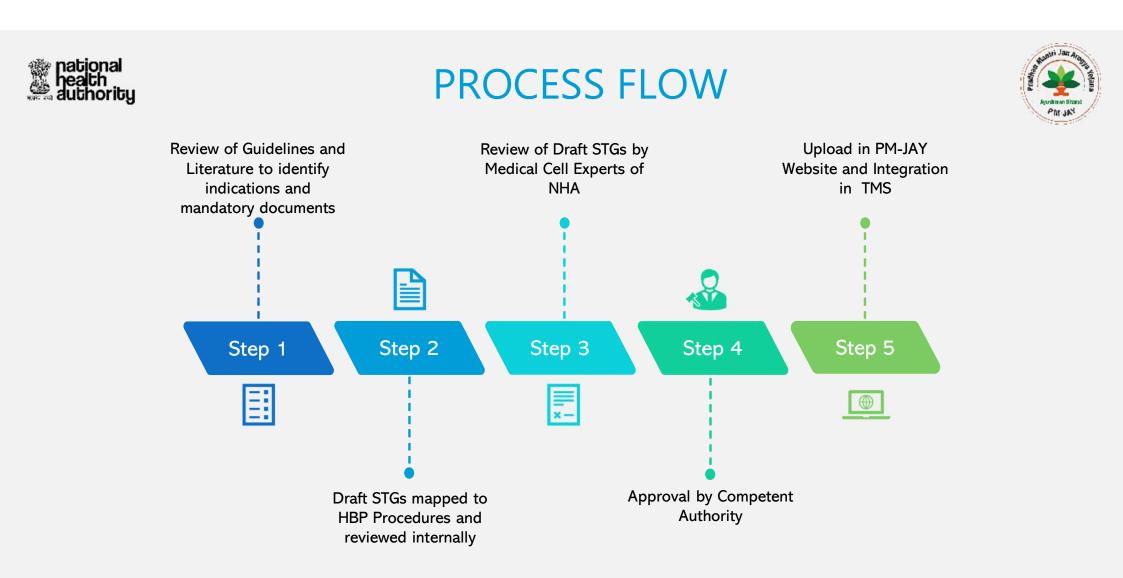


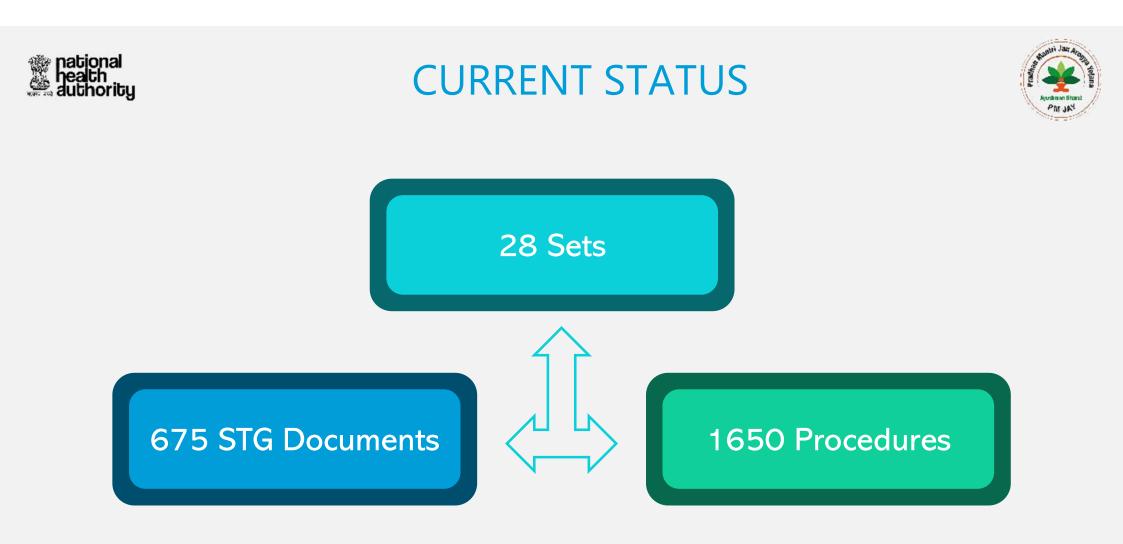
AIM & OBJECTIVE



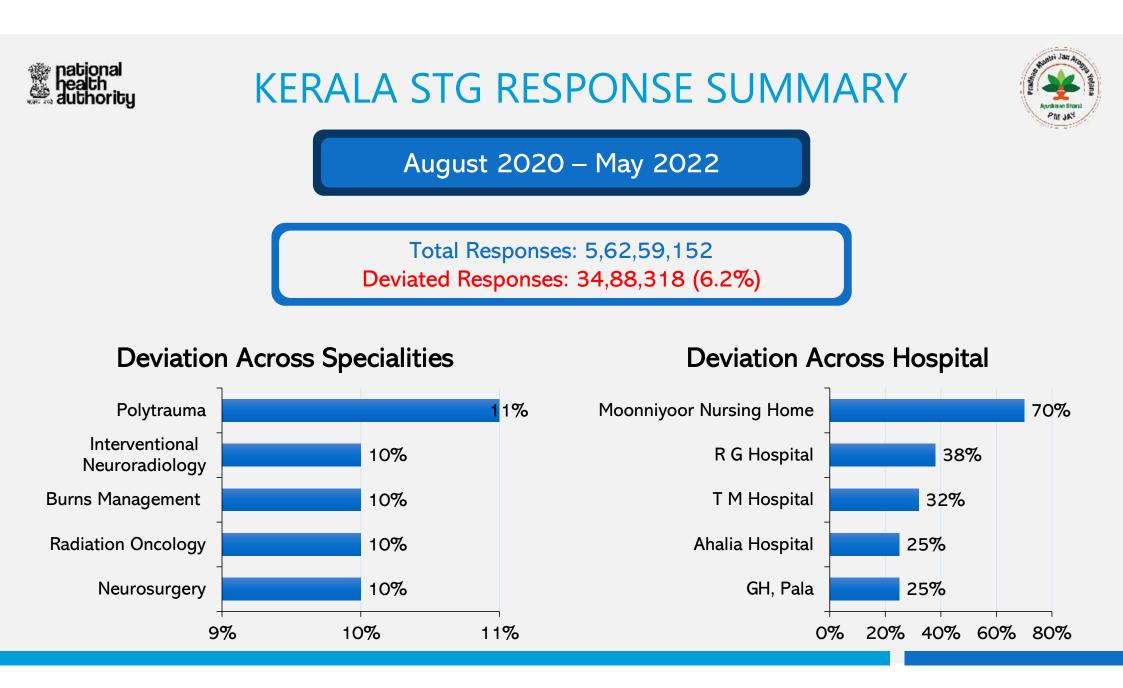
Adjudication Fraud Quality Guidance Aid Adjudication Team Aid in Preventing Guidance tool for Ensure access to (PPD/CPD): Mandatory Fraud and Abuse of Quality Care for PM-Clinicians, EHCPs, **Documents & Specific** the Scheme JAY Beneficiaries SHA, IC, TPA, ISA clinical pointers







https://pmjay.gov.in/standard_treatment_guidelines



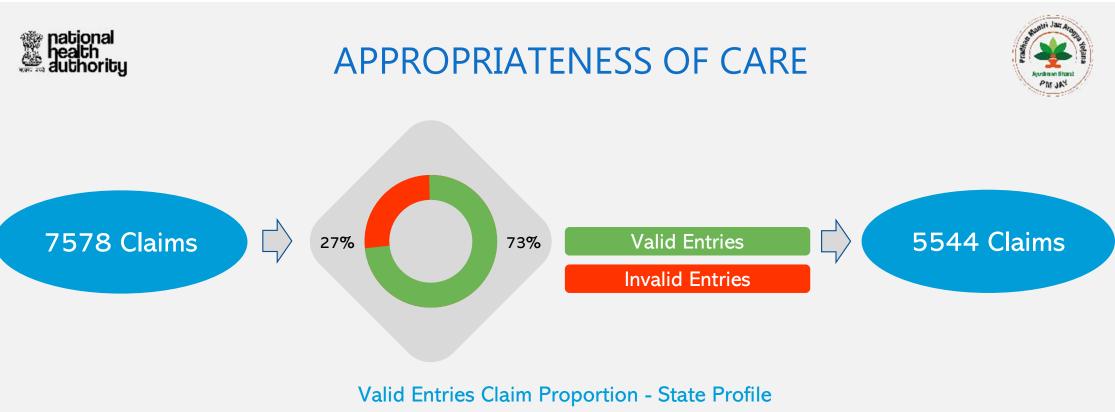


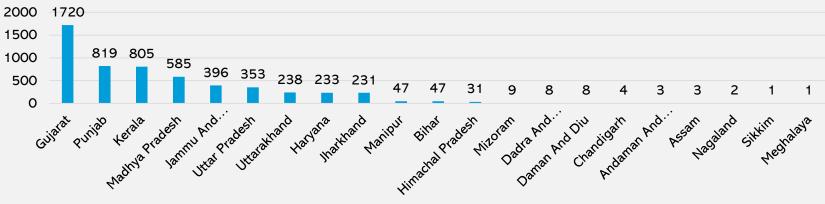
APPROPRIATENESS OF CARE

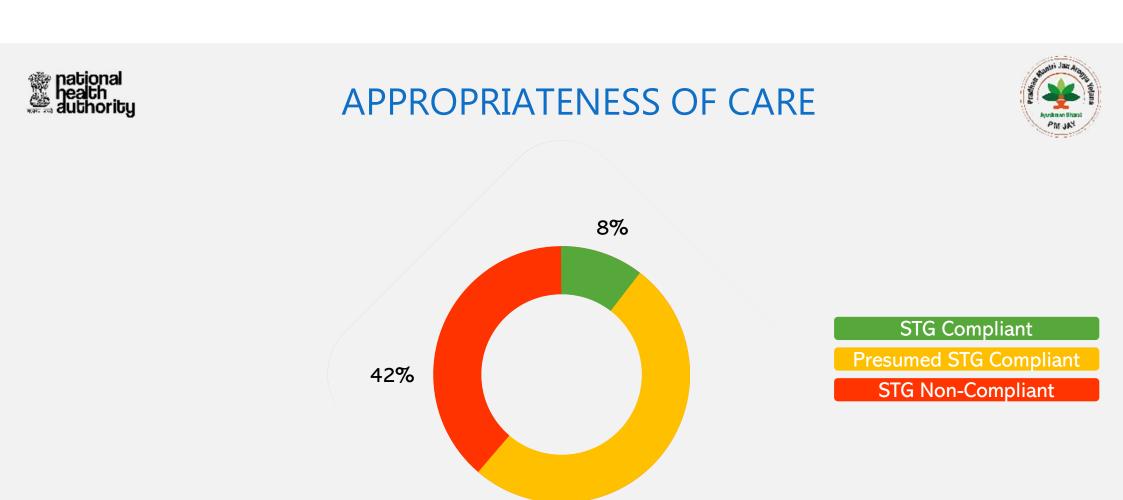


4 Medical Oncology Packages Exclusively Indicated in Metastatic Cases Selected

HBP Code	Package Name	Procedure Name	TNM Staging	Indications
M0001C	CT for CA Breast	Weekly Paclitaxel in metastatic setting Paclitaxel 80mg/m2 every week	Any T, Any N, M1	Stage IV
MOO01K	CT for CA Breast	Carboplatin + Gemcitabine Gemcitabine - 1000mg/m2 D1 D8 Carboplatin AUC 2 D1 D8 Gemcitabine - 1000mg/m2 D1 D8 Carboplatin AUC 5-6 D1 only	Any T, Any N, M1	Stage IV
M0001M	CT for CA Breast	Fulvestrant Fulvestrant 500 mg D1 D15 D28 then every 28 days	Any T, Any N, M1	Stage IV
M00010	CT for CA Breast	Exemestane Exemestane 25 mg orally daily (q 3 monthly)	Any T, Any N, M1	Stage IV







50%

APPROPRIATENESS OF CARE IN CA BREAST



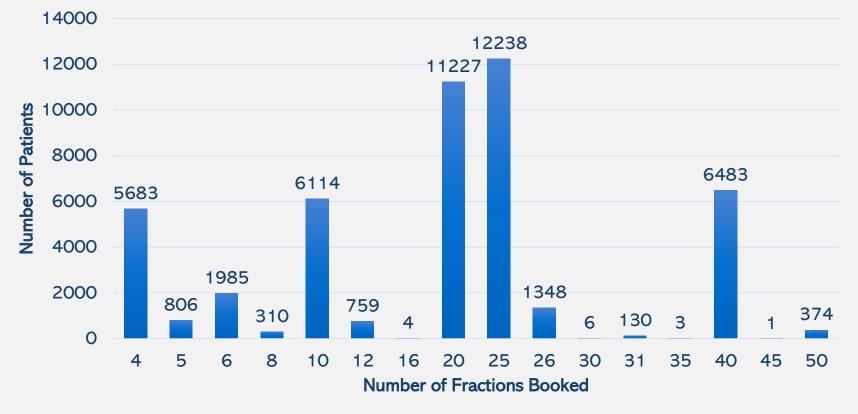
For women with node-negative post-mastectomy disease, PGIMER Health Technology Assessment (HTA) shows:

- No radiotherapy scenario (chemotherapy/hormone therapy or HER2 targeted therapy): Lesser Costs and Higher Health Benefits than the scenario where radiotherapeutic intervention was given.
 Exceptions:
 - Margins <1mm or margin positive,
 - Primary tumour >5cm, and
 - T>2cm + <10 axillary lymph nodes removed + grade 3 / ER-negative/ LVI + patients;
- Hypo-fractionated regimen of 2DRT and 3D-CRT (up to 16 fractions) was more cost-effective than a 5-week conventional regimen of 2DRT, 3DCRT, and both 3 and 5-week regimens of IMRT.





Distribution of post mastectomy patients based on fraction booked for cancer care

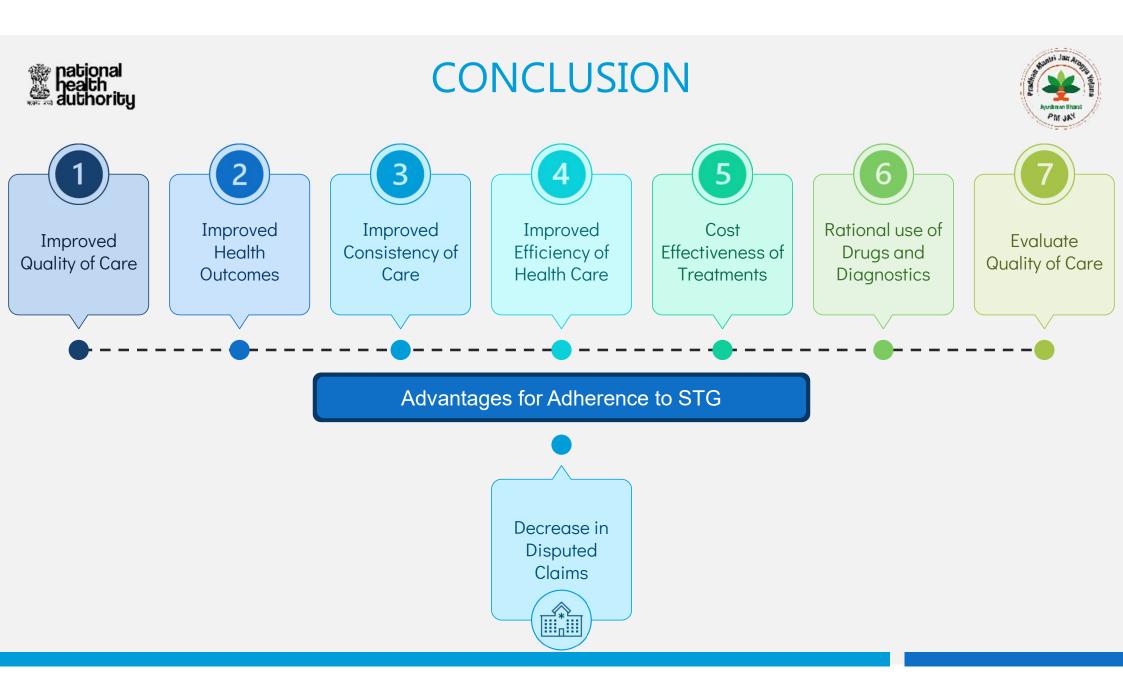


APPROPRIATENESS OF CARE IN CA BREAST



The PMJAY can save around INR 52.80 crores annually; by making two evidence-based revisions:

- 1. Restrict pre-authorization approvals for 'NO' breast cancer patients after mastectomy; with an exception to the following sub-groups of the patients:
 - a) Margins <1mm or margin positive,
 - b) Primary tumour >5cm, and
 - c) T>2cm + <10 axillary lymph nodes removed + grade 3 / ER-negative/ LVI positive
- 2. Amendment in the Radiation Oncology Standard Treatment Guidelines recommending only up to 16 fractions per breast cancer patient post-mastectomy.
- 3. Avoid unnecessary exposure to radiation and limit damage to healthy tissue of the patients.





THANK YOU